United Nations A/65/L.36

General Assembly

Distr.: Limited
6 December 2010

Original: English

Sixty-fifth session
Agenda item 116
Follow-up to the commemoration of the two-hundredth anniversary of the abolition of the transatlantic slave trade

Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Bahamas, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Brazil, Chile, China, Cuba, Dominica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Grenada, Guyana, Haiti, India, Jamaica, Mauritania*, Peru, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Singapore, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of): draft resolution

Permanent memorial to and remembrance of the victims of slavery and the transatlantic slave trade

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 61/19 of 28 November 2006, entitled "Commemoration of the two-hundredth anniversary of the abolition of the transatlantic slave trade" and subsequent resolutions entitled "Permanent memorial to and remembrance of the victims of slavery and the transatlantic slave trade",

Recalling also the designation of 25 March as the annual International Day of Remembrance of the Victims of Slavery and the Transatlantic Slave Trade,

Noting the initiatives undertaken by States in reaffirming their commitment to implement paragraphs 101 and 102 of the Durban Declaration of the World Conference against Racism, Racial Discrimination, Xenophobia and Related Intolerance, aimed at countering the legacy of slavery and contributing to the restoration of the dignity of the victims of slavery and the slave trade,[1]

Recalling, in particular, paragraph 101 of the Durban Declaration, which, inter alia, invited the international community and its members to honour the memory of the victims,

Stressing the importance of educating and informing current and future generations about the causes, consequences and lessons of slavery and the transatlantic slave trade,

* On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of African States.

[1] See A/CONF.189/12 and Corr.1, chap. I.

10-67717 (E) 071210

Please recycle

Recognizing how little is known about the transatlantic slave trade and its lasting consequences, felt throughout the world, and welcoming the increased attention that the General Assembly's annual commemoration has brought to the issue, including raising awareness in many States,

Recalling that the permanent memorial initiative within the General Assembly complements the work being done at the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization on the Slave Route Project, including its commemorative activities,

1. *Welcomes* the initiative of Member States to erect, at a place of prominence at United Nations Headquarters that is easily accessible to delegates, United Nations staff and visitors, a permanent memorial in acknowledgement of the tragedy and in consideration of the legacy of slavery and the transatlantic slave trade;

2. *Recalls* the establishment of a committee of interested States to oversee the permanent memorial project, drawn from all geographical regions of the world, with Member States from the Caribbean Community and the African Union playing a primary role, in collaboration with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, representatives of the Secretariat, the Schomburg Center for Research in Black Culture of the New York Public Library and civil society;

3. *Also recalls* the establishment of a trust fund for the permanent memorial, referred to as the United Nations Trust Fund for Partnerships Permanent Memorial, administered by the United Nations Office for Partnerships, and notes the current status of contributions to the Trust Fund;

4. *Recognizes* the necessity of sustained voluntary contribution in order to achieve in a timely manner the goal of erecting a permanent memorial in honour of the victims of slavery and the transatlantic slave trade;

5. *Expresses sincere appreciation* to those Member States that have already made contributions to the Trust Fund, encourages additional contributions, and invites Member States and other interested parties that have not done so to do likewise;

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General to organize a series of activities annually to commemorate the International Day of Remembrance of the Victims of Slavery and the Transatlantic Slave Trade, including a commemorative session of the General Assembly at United Nations Headquarters and, as appropriate, activities through the network of United Nations information centres;

7. *Requests* the Department of Public Information, in cooperation with the countries concerned and with relevant organizations and bodies of the United Nations system, to continue to take appropriate steps to enhance world public awareness of the commemorative activities and the permanent memorial initiative, and to facilitate efforts to erect the permanent memorial at United Nations Headquarters;

8. *Reiterates its request* contained in resolution 64/15 of 16 November 2009 for Member States to develop, in accordance with their national legislation, educational programmes, including through school curricula, designed to educate and inculcate in future generations an understanding of the lessons, history and

consequences of slavery and the slave trade, and to provide such information to the Secretary-General for inclusion in his report;

9. *Encourages* the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization to launch an international design competition for the permanent memorial, which is to be funded from the Trust Fund, in view of the considerable experience of that Organization with the Slave Route Project, international competitions and its worldwide presence through its network of field offices and National Commissions;

10. *Invites* the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization to assist the committee in defining guidelines for the selection process and in identifying qualified candidates from its pool of international specialists to serve on the international jury;

11. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General on the programme of educational outreach on the transatlantic slave trade and slavery,[7] relating to the diverse educational outreach strategy to increase awareness of and to educate future generations about the causes, consequences, lessons and legacy of the transatlantic slave trade and to communicate the dangers of racism and prejudice, and encourages continued action in this regard;

12. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its sixty-sixth session on continued action to implement the programme of educational outreach, including actions taken by Member States in implementing the present resolution, as well as steps to enhance world public awareness of the commemorative activities and the permanent memorial initiative;

13. *Requests* the United Nations Office for Partnerships, through the Secretary-General, to submit a comprehensive report to the General Assembly at its sixty-sixth session on the status of the Trust Fund, and in particular, on contributions received and their utilization;

14. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its sixty-sixth session the item entitled "Follow-up to the commemoration of the two-hundredth anniversary of the abolition of the transatlantic slave trade".

[7] A/65/390.

United Nations

A/65/L.36/Add.1

General Assembly

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Sixty-fifth session
Agenda item 116
Follow-up to the commemoration of the two-hundredth anniversary of the abolition of the transatlantic slave trade

Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Bahamas, Barbados, Belarus, Belize, Brazil, Chile, China, Cuba, Dominica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Grenada, Guyana, Haiti, India, Jamaica, Mauritania*, Peru, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Singapore, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of): draft resolution

Permanent memorial to and remembrance of the victims of slavery and the transatlantic slave trade

Addendum

Add the following countries to the list of sponsors of the draft resolution:

Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Costa Rica, Croatia, Cyprus, Denmark, Ecuador, Estonia, Finland, France, Georgia, Greece, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Latvia, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Mexico, Monaco, Mongolia, Montenegro, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Russian Federation, San Marino, Serbia, Slovenia, Solomon Islands, Spain, Thailand, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Timor-Leste, Ukraine, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America and Uruguay.

* On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of African States.

10-70823 (E) 291210

Please recycle

United Nations

A/65/L.37

General Assembly

Distr.: Limited
7 December 2010

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Sixty-fifth session
Agenda item 120
Strengthening of the United Nations system

Algeria: amendment to draft resolution A/65/L.28

The United Nations in Global Governance

Insert the following new paragraph after the second preambular paragraph:

Reaffirming the role and authority of the General Assembly on global matters of concern to the international community, as set out in the Charter of the United Nations,

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Please recycle

United Nations A/65/L.38

General Assembly

Distr.: Limited
7 December 2010

Original: English

Sixty-fifth session
Agenda item 16
The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order

Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Chile, China, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, India, Indonesia, Jamaica, Jordan, Lebanon, Mexico, Morocco, Nicaragua, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, and Trinidad and Tobago: draft resolution

The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 55/48 of 29 November 2000, 57/12 of 14 November 2002 and 62/213 of 21 December 2007,

Acknowledging that peace and security, development and human rights are the pillars of the United Nations system and the foundations for collective security and well-being and that development, peace and security and human rights are interlinked and mutually reinforcing,

Reaffirming that development is a central goal by itself and that sustainable development in its economic, social and environmental aspects constitutes a key element of the overarching framework of United Nations activities,

Recognizing that the well-being of people and the full development of their potential is pivotal to sustainable development, and convinced of the urgency of international cooperation towards that end,

Deeply concerned about persistent and considerable disparities between rich and poor, both within and among countries, and about the adverse implications of these disparities for the promotion of human development throughout the world,

Stressing the multidimensional nature of inequality and unequal access to social and economic opportunities and their complex interrelationship with efforts to eradicate poverty, promote sustained, inclusive and equitable growth and sustainable

10-67886 (E) 081210

Please recycle

development, and the full enjoyment of human rights, especially for those people living in situations of vulnerability,

Concerned by the prevalence of gender inequality in various forms worldwide, which is often expressed in poorer outcomes for women relative to men on many social development indicators,

Considering that inequalities continue to pose major barriers to attaining the Millennium Development Goals and that efforts to achieve the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals, often take inadequate account of the relationship and impact of inequality on economic and social development,

Recognizing the action already under way by all Member States, the United Nations system and other international, regional and national forums and organizations and the progress made to implement the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals,

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the new global human order;[1]

2. *Recalls* the High-level Plenary Meeting of the sixty-fifth session of the General Assembly on the Millennium Development Goals and its outcome, which includes a broad-based consensus for action that needs to be further strengthened, within a comprehensive and holistic framework towards the achievement of the development goals involving all actors, namely Governments, the United Nations system and other international organizations and relevant actors of civil society, including the private sector, non-governmental organizations and other relevant stakeholders at all levels,

3. *Underscores* the continued relevance of the outcomes of all major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields and the commitments set out therein, including the Millennium Development Goals, which have raised awareness and continue to generate real and important development gains, have played a vital role in shaping a broad development vision and constitute the overarching framework for the development activities of the United Nations, and strongly reiterates its determination to ensure the timely and full implementation of those outcomes and commitments;

4. *Recognizes* that the increased pace of globalization and growing interdependence have heightened the importance of international cooperation and multilateralism in meeting global challenges and solving common problems, including those that have arisen from the uneven impact of globalization on development and human well-being;

5. *Emphasizes* the need to promote human well-being and the full realization of human potential;

6. *Reaffirms* that national ownership and leadership are indispensable in the development process and that there is no one-size-fits-all approach, and reiterates that, while each country has primary responsibility for its own economic and social development and the role of national policies, domestic resources and development strategies cannot be overemphasized, domestic economies are now interwoven with

[1] A/65/483

the global economic system, and therefore the effective use of trade and investment opportunities can help countries to fight poverty, and development efforts at the national level need to be supported by an enabling national and international environment that complements national actions and strategies;

7. *Also reaffirms* the commitment to sound policies, good governance at all levels and the rule of law, to mobilizing domestic resources, fostering international financial flows, assuring long-term investment in human capital and infrastructure, promoting international trade as an engine for economic growth and development and increasing international financial and technical cooperation for development, sustainable debt financing and external debt relief and to enhancing the coherence and consistency of the international monetary, financial and trading systems;

8. *Recognizes* that inequality within and among countries is a concern for all countries regardless of their level of development and that it represents a growing challenge with multiple implications for the realization of economic and social potential and the achievement of the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals;

9. *Also recognizes* that attention must be focused on the particular needs of developing countries and on the large and increasing economic and social inequalities that exist, and further recognizes that disparities between developed and developing countries and inequalities between the rich and the poor and between rural and urban populations, inter alia, remain persistent and significant and need to be addressed;

10. *Calls upon* Member States to continue their ambitious efforts to address inequality;

11. *Stresses* that, while efforts to promote sustained, inclusive and equitable economic growth are necessary for accelerating progress towards achieving the Millennium Development Goals, as well as for promoting sustainable development, they are not sufficient and that growth should enable everyone, in particular the poor, to participate in and benefit from economic opportunities and should lead to job creation and income opportunities and be complemented by effective social policies;

12. *Considers* that promoting universal access to social services and providing social protection floors can make an important contribution to consolidating and achieving further development gains and that social protection systems that address and reduce inequality and social exclusion are essential for protecting the gains made towards the achievement of the Millennium Development Goals;

13. *Encourages* greater consideration of the impact of social and economic inequalities in development, including in designing and implementing development strategies, and in this regard also encourages further analytical and empirical research, in particular by the relevant institutions of the United Nations system, as well as the regional commissions and other national and international organizations;

14. *Recognizes* the efforts of many countries in addressing inequality, and acknowledges the need for strengthened international efforts to complement national efforts in this area;

15. *Also recognizes* that regional, subregional and interregional cooperation can facilitate the exchange of knowledge and experience and promote the most

effective use of resources aimed at achieving human development and reducing inequalities;

16. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its sixty-seventh session a report on the implementation of the present resolution and to include in the report recommendations on ways and means to address inequality at all levels, in particular within the United Nations framework, as a contribution to ongoing efforts to achieve the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals;

17. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its sixty-seventh session the item entitled "The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order".

United Nations A/65/L.38/Add.1

General Assembly

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Sixty-fifth session
Agenda item 16
The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order

Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Chile, China, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, India, Indonesia, Jamaica, Jordan, Lebanon, Mexico, Morocco, Nicaragua, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, and Trinidad and Tobago: draft resolution

The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order

Addendum

Add the following countries to the list of sponsors of the draft resolution:

Algeria, Azerbaijan, Brazil, Cambodia, Colombia, Comoros, Fiji, Gambia, Honduras, Lesotho, Madagascar, Pakistan, Panama, Tunisia, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

10-68756 (E) 141210

Please recycle

United Nations A/65/L.39

General Assembly

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7 December 2010

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Sixty-fifth session
Agenda item 13
Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Yemen:* draft resolution

Follow-up to the International Conference on Population and Development beyond 2014

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 50/124 of 20 December 1995, 51/176 of 16 December 1996 and 53/183 of 15 December 1998 on the implementation of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development,[1] adopted in Cairo in September 1994, and its resolutions 49/128 of 19 December 1994 and 52/188 of 18 December 1997,

Recalling also the key actions for the further implementation of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development,[2] as adopted by the General Assembly at its twenty-first special session, held in New York from 30 June to 2 July 1999,

Recalling further its resolution 57/270 B on the integrated and coordinated follow-up to and implementation of the outcomes of the major conferences and summits,

Noting that the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development is due to formally come to an end in 2014, but that its goals and objectives still remain valid,

Acknowledging that many Governments may not meet all the goals and objectives of the Programme of Action by 2014,

* On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China.

[1] *Report of the International Conference on Population and Development, Cairo, 5-13 September 1994* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.95.XIII.18), chap. I, resolution 1, annex.

[2] Resolution S-21/2, annex.

10-67916 (E) 081210

Please recycle

Recognizing that the implementation of the recommendations contained in the Programme of Action is the sovereign right of every country, in accordance with its national laws and development priorities, with full respect for the various religious and ethical values and cultural backgrounds of its peoples in conformity with universally recognized international human rights,

Recognizing also the crucial linkages between the implementation of the Programme of Action and the achievement of the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals,

Noting that in spite of the progress made towards achieving the goals and objectives of the Programme of Action and the Millennium Development Goals, considerable gaps still exist in the implementation of different areas of the Programme of Action,

Acknowledging that the implementation of the Programme of Action requires adequate mobilization of resources at the national and international levels, as well as new and additional resources for developing countries from all available funding mechanisms, including multilateral, bilateral and private sources, and that Governments are not expected to meet the goals and objectives of the Programme of Action single-handedly,

Stressing the importance of protecting the achievements of the International Conference on Population and Development, responding to relevant new challenges and the changing development environment, and reinforcing the integration of the population and development agenda in global processes related to development,

1. *Emphasizes* the need for Governments to recommit themselves at the highest political level to achieving the goals and objectives of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development;

2. *Decides* to extend the Programme of Action and the key actions for its further implementation[1] and follow-up beyond 2014 in order to fully meet its goals and objectives;

3. *Also decides* to convene a special session during the sixty-ninth session of the General Assembly in order to assess the status of implementation of the Programme of Action and to renew political support for actions required for the full achievement of its goals and objectives, and further decides that the Commission on Population and Development, which is scheduled to hold, at its forty-fourth session, a general debate on the further implementation of the Programme of Action in the light of the twentieth anniversary of the Conference, should serve as the preparatory body for the special session, reporting to the General Assembly through the Economic and Social Council;

4. *Reaffirms* that the special session for the assessment of the status of implementation of the Programme of Action will be undertaken on the basis of and with full respect for the Programme of Action and that there will be no renegotiation of the existing agreements contained therein;

5. *Encourages* Governments to undertake reviews of the progress achieved and the constraints faced therein in the implementation of the Programme of Action at all levels, particularly at the national level and at the level of international cooperation;

6. *Calls upon* the United Nations Population Fund, in consultation with Member States and in cooperation with all relevant organizations of the United Nations system and other relevant international organizations, as well as institutions and experts, to undertake an operational review of the implementation of the Programme of Action on the basis of the highest-quality data and analysis of the state of population and development and taking into account the need for a systematic, comprehensive and integrated approach to population and development issues;

7. *Requests* the Secretary-General, with the support of the United Nations Population Fund and other relevant United Nations agencies, funds and programmes, to ensure that the relevant issues identified during the sessions of the Commission on Population and Development are compiled and forwarded to Governments at the sixty-ninth session of the General Assembly, with an index report indicating recurrent themes and key elements found therein;

8. *Invites* all other relevant organizations and bodies of the United Nations system to contribute, as appropriate, to the special session as well as to its preparation;

9. *Stresses* the need for the effective participation of actors of civil society, particularly non-governmental organizations, in the preparations for the special session, as well as the need to ensure appropriate arrangements, taking into account the practice and experience gained at the International Conference on Population and Development, to ensure their substantive contributions to and active involvement in the special session, and in that context invites the President of the General Assembly, in consultation with Member States, to propose to Member States appropriate modalities to effect involvement in the special session;

10. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its sixty-eighth session a progress report on the preparations for the special session;

11. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its sixty-ninth session a sub-item entitled "Follow-up to the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development".

United Nations

A/65/L.39/Rev.1

General Assembly

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Sixty-fifth session
Agenda item 13
Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Yemen:* draft resolution

Follow-up to the International Conference on Population and Development beyond 2014

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 50/124 of 20 December 1995, 51/176 of 16 December 1996 and 53/183 of 15 December 1998 on the implementation of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development,[1] adopted in Cairo in September 1994, and its resolutions 49/128 of 19 December 1994 and 52/188 of 18 December 1997,

Recalling also the key actions for the further implementation of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development,[2] as adopted by the General Assembly at its twenty-first special session, held in New York from 30 June to 2 July 1999,

Recalling further its resolution 57/270 B on the integrated and coordinated follow-up to and implementation of the outcomes of the major conferences and summits,

Noting that the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development is due to formally come to an end in 2014, but that its goals and objectives still remain valid,

Acknowledging that many Governments may not meet all the goals and objectives of the Programme of Action by 2014,

* On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China.

[1] *Report of the International Conference on Population and Development, Cairo, 5–13 September 1994* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.95.XIII.18), chap. I, resolution 1, annex.

[2] Resolution S-21/2, annex.

10-70199 (E) 201210

Please recycle

Recognizing the crucial linkages between the implementation of the Programme of Action and the achievement of the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals,

Noting that in spite of the progress made towards achieving the goals and objectives of the Programme of Action and the Millennium Development Goals, considerable gaps still exist in the implementation of different areas of the Programme of Action,

Recalling that the Programme of Action requires for its implementation adequate mobilization of resources at the national and international levels, as well as new and additional resources for developing countries from all available funding mechanisms, including multilateral, bilateral and private sources, and that Governments are not expected to meet the goals and objectives of the Programme of Action single-handedly,

Stressing the importance of protecting the achievements of the International Conference on Population and Development, responding to relevant new challenges and to the changing development environment, and reinforcing the integration of the population and development agenda in global processes related to development,

1. *Emphasizes* the need for Governments to recommit themselves at the highest political level to achieving the goals and objectives of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development;[1]

2. *Decides* to extend the Programme of Action and the key actions for its further implementation[2] and follow-up beyond 2014 in order to fully meet its goals and objectives;

3. *Also decides* to convene a special session during the sixty-ninth session of the General Assembly in order to assess the status of implementation of the Programme of Action and to renew political support for actions required for the full achievement of its goals and objectives, and further decides that the Commission on Population and Development, which is scheduled to hold, at its forty-fourth session, a general debate on the further implementation of the Programme of Action in the light of the twentieth anniversary of the Conference, should convene an interactive discussion during its forty-seventh session on the assessment of the status of implementation of the Programme of Action;

4. *Reaffirms* that the special session for the assessment of the status of implementation of the Programme of Action will be undertaken on the basis of and with full respect for the Programme of Action and that there will be no renegotiation of the existing agreements contained therein;

5. *Encourages* Governments to undertake reviews of the progress achieved and the constraints faced therein in the implementation of the Programme of Action at all levels, particularly at the national level and at the level of international cooperation;

6. *Calls upon* the United Nations Population Fund, in consultation with Member States and in cooperation with all relevant organizations of the United Nations system and other relevant international organizations, as well as institutions and experts, to undertake an operational review of the implementation of the Programme of Action on the basis of the highest-quality data and analysis of the state of population and development, and taking into account the need for a

systematic, comprehensive and integrated approach to population and development issues, and requests the Secretary-General to submit a report based on this review to the Commission on Population and Development at its forty-seventh session;

7. *Requests* the Secretary-General, with the support of the United Nations Population Fund and other relevant United Nations agencies, funds and programmes, to ensure that the relevant issues identified during the sessions of the Commission on Population and Development are compiled and forwarded to Governments at the sixty-ninth session of the General Assembly, with an index report indicating recurrent themes and key elements found therein, along with the findings of the operational review;

8. *Invites* all other relevant organizations and bodies of the United Nations system to contribute as appropriate to the special session as well as to its preparation;

9. *Stresses* the need for the effective participation and contribution of relevant actors of civil society, particularly non-governmental organizations, as appropriate, in the special session, as well as in its preparation;

10. *Requests* the Secretary-General to inform the General Assembly at its sixty-eighth session about the preparations for the special session;

11. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its sixty-ninth session a sub-item entitled "Follow-up to the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development".

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General Assembly

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21 December 2010

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Sixty-fifth session
Agenda item 13
Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Yemen:* draft resolution

Follow-up to the International Conference on Population and Development beyond 2014

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 50/124 of 20 December 1995, 51/176 of 16 December 1996 and 53/183 of 15 December 1998 on the implementation of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development,[1] adopted in Cairo, in September 1994, and its resolutions 49/128 of 19 December 1994 and 52/188 of 18 December 1997,

Recalling also the key actions for the further implementation of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development,[2] as adopted by the General Assembly at its twenty-first special session, held in New York from 30 June to 2 July 1999,

Recalling further its resolution 57/270 B on the integrated and coordinated follow-up to and implementation of the outcomes of the major conferences and summits,

Noting that the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development is due to formally come to an end in 2014, but that its goals and objectives remain valid beyond 2014,

Acknowledging that many Governments may not meet all the goals and objectives of the Programme of Action by 2014,

* On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China.

[1] *Report of the International Conference on Population and Development, Cairo, 5-13 September 1994* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.95.XIII.18), chap. I, resolution 1, annex.

[2] Resolution S-21/2, annex.

10-70352 (E) 211210

Please recycle

Recognizing the crucial linkages between the implementation of the Programme of Action and the achievement of the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals,

Noting that in spite of the progress made towards achieving the goals and objectives of the Programme of Action and the Millennium Development Goals, considerable gaps still exist in the implementation of different areas of the Programme of Action,

Recalling that the Programme of Action requires for its implementation adequate mobilization of resources at the national and international levels, as well as new and additional resources for developing countries from all available funding mechanisms, including multilateral, bilateral and private sources, and that Governments are not expected to meet the goals and objectives of the Programme of Action single-handedly,

Stressing the importance of protecting the achievements of the International Conference on Population and Development, responding to new challenges relevant to population and development and to the changing development environment, and reinforcing the integration of the population and development agenda in global processes related to development,

1. *Emphasizes* the need for Governments to recommit themselves at the highest political level to achieving the goals and objectives of the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development;[1]

2. *Decides* to extend the Programme of Action and the key actions for its further implementation[2] beyond 2014 and ensure its follow-up in order to fully meet its goals and objectives;

3. *Also decides* to convene a special session during the sixty-ninth session of the General Assembly in order to assess the status of implementation of the Programme of Action and to renew political support for actions required for the full achievement of its goals and objectives, and further decides that the Commission on Population and Development, which is scheduled to hold, at its forty-fourth session, a general debate on the further implementation of the Programme of Action in the light of the twentieth anniversary of the Conference, should convene an interactive discussion during its forty-seventh session on the assessment of the status of implementation of the Programme of Action;

4. *Reaffirms* that the special session for the assessment of the status of implementation of the Programme of Action will be undertaken on the basis of and with full respect for the Programme of Action and that there will be no renegotiation of the existing agreements contained therein;

5. *Encourages* Governments to undertake reviews of the progress achieved and the constraints faced therein in the implementation of the Programme of Action at all levels, particularly at the national level and at the level of international cooperation;

6. *Calls upon* the United Nations Population Fund, in consultation with Member States and in cooperation with all relevant organizations of the United Nations system and other relevant international organizations, as well as institutions and experts, to undertake an operational review of the implementation of the Programme of Action on the basis of the highest-quality data and analysis of the

state of population and development and taking into account the need for a systematic, comprehensive and integrated approach to population and development issues, and requests the Secretary-General to submit a report based on this review to the Commission on Population and Development at its forty-seventh session;

7. *Requests* the Secretary-General, with the support of the United Nations Population Fund and other relevant United Nations agencies, funds and programmes, to ensure that the relevant issues identified during the sessions of the Commission on Population and Development are compiled and forwarded to Governments at the sixty-ninth session of the General Assembly, with an index report indicating recurrent themes and key elements found therein, along with the findings of the operational review;

8. *Invites* all other relevant organizations and bodies of the United Nations system to contribute as appropriate to the special session as well as to its preparation;

9. *Stresses* the need for the effective participation and contribution of relevant actors of civil society, particularly non-governmental organizations, as appropriate, in the special session, as well as in its preparation;

10. *Requests* the Secretary-General to inform the General Assembly at its sixty-eighth session about the preparations for the special session;

11. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its sixty-ninth session a sub-item entitled "Follow-up to the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development".

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Agenda item 13
Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields

Yemen:* draft resolution

Follow-up to the International Conference on Population and Development beyond 2014

Addendum

Add the following country to the list of sponsors of the draft resolution:

Portugal

* On behalf of the States Members of the United Nations that are members of the Group of 77 and China.

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